CLASS CM. I MAILE

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INFORMATION REPORT

CD	NO.
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COUNTRY	Korea/Ch	ina	

DATE OF

INFO.

SUBJEC: Communist Indoctrination of Captured Personnel

DATE DISTR. 17 Aug

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SUPPLEMENT TO REPORT NO.

25X1X

- Persons taken north with the North Korean armies during their retreat in September 1950 were brought in a group to Pyongyang under army escort and there assigned to various army units for removal north. They were taken to Manchuria where they were examined by the Chinese Communists. Those classified as "guilty" were sent to mines and factories to work; those classified as "innocent" were given Communist indoctrination.* Upon completion of their training they were to be sent to the Korean fronts to fight with the Communist armies or to serve as agents into non-Communist territory.
- 2. Young men and women taken to Manchuria were trained by the Chinese Communist arty, which was also re-training North Korean troops. Along with these two programs, agents were also being trained in Hanchuria. Chinese Communist soldiers stated that the North Korean army had blundered so much in Seoul in its first occupation that it required training to a new policy.

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- very few of the young 3. men and women and the technicians taken from Seoul in the first occupation were allowed to return during the second one. The reason for this restriction was that Secul was regarded as the front-line area and the evacuated youth had not completed their Communist indoctrination and had still quite a number of potentially traitorous "grey" elements among them. The majority were brought back from Manchuria only as far as Pyongyang, and it was not planned to bring them back to Secul until the fall of Taegu or Pusan. None of the doctors, nurses, teachers, and technicians who were taken or went north in 1950 were permitted to return to Seoul in early 1951.
- 16. In early 1951, there were about 5,000 members of the Volunteer Army conscripted in South Korea in 1950 undergoing training in Antung. They had already completed their first term's work and were receiving Communist indoctrination and training, with special emphasis on Communist ideology. They were being prepared to return to the war zone but had only wooden rifles; each company of 65 men was issued two Japanese H-99 rifles for sentry duty. Only zealous

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Communists were to be sent to front line duty, since it was feared other elements might desert; all forced conscripts were retained in rear area positions. Troops sent to the front line were equipped with two hand-grenades each.

Note the sent houses.

Note that the war would end seen so that they could return to their house.

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Comment. These two terms were not defined but apparently refer to anti-Communist or pro-Communist attitude.

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Comment. This is as received but the amount appears large.